

## **REVISION OF GRAMMAR**

## **Verbs**

#### A quick reminder:

When we want to describe an action, we use a verb.

Here are some examples:

Tom ran around and shouted.

He **broke** things. He never **did** what his mother **said**.

One night, he was playing outside.

His mother had **told** him to **come** inside, but he didn't **listen.** 

Suddenly, the Bogeyman appeared.

He **grabbed** Tom and **stuffed** him into his bag.

He **tied** up the bag and **took** him home.



From *The Bogeyman*, Scary stories

### The rules for using verbs

**Rule 1:** Every sentence <u>must</u> have a verb. Look at the sentences above. The verbs are all in bold type. Every sentence has *at least* one verb in it.

**Rule 2:** The verb must <u>agree</u> (or match) the **subject of the sentence** – this is the person, place, thing or idea that is *doing* or *being something*. For example:

Tom **ran** around and **shouted**. He **broke** things.

He never **did** what his mother **said**. One night, he **was playing** outside.

The subject of these sentences (the person doing something) is **Tom**.

All the verbs have to agree with when Tom did all these things. This is called 'verb tense'.

There are three main types of tense:

- 1. Tom is running. It's happening nowso it's present tense.
- 2. *Tom ran*. It happened *in the past* so it's **past tense**.
- 3. *Tom will run*. It will happen *in the future* so it's **future tense**.

You can see that the first verb used in the passage above is 'ran', so we know it is the second type of verb tense – past tense. This means <u>all</u> the verbs in the story need to be in past tense – shouted, broke, did, said, was playing.

Here are some more sentences from the story *The Bogeyman* but the verbs are written in

#### **EXERCISE 1**

present tense. Can you	change them to past tense	?	
1. When the Bogeymar	(gets)to his pl	ace, he (pulls)	Tom out of
the bag. "Here is our	supper, my dear," he (says)	And he	e (laughs)
·			
2. Tom (looks)	around. He (is)	in a horrible p	place. It (is)
dark an	d it (smells)	awful. At this point	the Bogeyman's
wife (comes)	in. She (is)	almost as ugly as him.	She (pokes)
Tom i	n the ribs.		
3. Tom (looks)	at Mrs Bogeyman. S	She (licks)	her lips and
(smiles)	a horrible smile.		
4. Off Tom went, and h	e (runs) al	I the way home. When	he (gets)
there	he (locks) I	nimself in.	
5. Tom (forgets)	his promise to be good. He (runs) around and		
(shouts)	He (breaks)	things.	
6. "YOU!" the Bogevma	ın (snarls), l	holding Tom close to hi	s face to see him
	poy who (tricks)		

7. In (walks)	Mrs Bogeyman. "YOU! You (lies)	to me."
8. The Bogeyman (sits)	on the sofa and (watches)	the water boil.
	around. He (grabs) a	a large bone lying under
	out the bone with his sock and sho	
EXERCISE 2 The following sentences have verb tense.	ve a selection of possible verbs. Circle th	e one that uses the correct
1. "How dare you say that!"	yell/yelling/yelled/will yell my little bro	ther.
2. We goes/go/going/went	to the zoo with our teachers last week.	
3. The kangaroos at the Wild	dlife Park <u>is/are/am/have</u> been very tam	e.
4. My favourite sports am/is	s/was/are tennis and football.	
5. Last summer, a terrible fir	e <u>destroys/destroy/destroying/destroye</u>	ed the forest.
6. Star Trek <u>is/are/will be/w</u>	as a very famous TV series in the 1960s.	
7. The new TV remote was <u>t</u>	ake/taken/took/takes back to the shop	because it was broken.
8. I <u>seen/saw/sees/see</u> my c	ousin at the playground yesterday.	
9. We are go/went/goes/go	ing on an aeroplane next week.	
10. Our dog eats/ate/eating	/will eat all of his dinner he was so hung	gry.

# Challenge

of each sentence?
We all sitted properly on the floor
"Who writ this story?" our teacher asked
Dad gived us all pocket money for doing our jobs
My family goed to the movies last week
The story <u>beginned</u> with <i>Once upon a time</i>
Mum brang in some flowers from the garden

The underlined verbs are not real words. Can you write the correct verb on the line at the end